Activity/ Situation	COVID SECURE ARRANGEMENTS FROM SEPTEMBER 2021						
Location		West Cliff Primary School					
Persons at Risk	Pupils ⊠	Emp	oloyees⊠	Visitor	s 🛛	Contrac	ctors 🛛
HAZARD(S)	 Note: this list is not exhaustive and must be adapted for your own needs Contact Between Individuals Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and Families, Visitors and Contractors Site User Becoming Unwell Site User Developing Symptoms Inadequate Hand Washing/Personal Hygiene Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavirus Inadequate Ventilation Arrangements for Boarding Schools During Pandemic 						
CONTROL ME	EASURES		ADDITION INFORM	ONAL MATION	YES	NO	N/A
Note: you <u>must</u> amend and adapt this generic risk assessment to suit your own needs by selecting the controls from the examples provided (adding and amending others where necessary) and then evaluate the overall risk for the activity/situation.							
	e below risks and potentia here is no adverse impact						
Contact Between	Individuals						
It is no longer nece consistent groups	essary to keep childr ('bubbles')	en in			\boxtimes		
possibility that it ma	ment plans cover the ay become necessa es' for a temporary p ween groups	ry to					
Assemblies have r	<mark>esumed</mark>				\boxtimes		
Pupils can mix at b	reaks and lunchtime	es			\boxtimes		
related insurance, a new educational international, are a	p in COVID-19 canc schools considering visit, whether dome dvised to ensure tha e adequate financial	booking stic or	You should either your commercial insurance the Risk Plantangement or an outdeducation assess the protection and make provides sprotection event of a related car	provider, provider, protection ent (RPA) oor adviser to available sure it uitable in the COVID-19	lacktriangle		

Schools can undertake educational day visits		\boxtimes		
Schools can undertake domestic residential education visits		\boxtimes		
International educational visits do not take place before the start of the autumn term		×		
International educational visits that have previously been deferred or postponed can take place from September 2021 and new international visits for the future can be organised				⊠
School has resumed all before and after-school educational activities and wraparound childcare for pupils	More information on planning extra- curricular provision can be found in the guidance for providers who run community activities, holiday clubs, after- school clubs, tuition and other out-of- school provision for children			
Inadequate Cleaning/Sanitising				
A cleaning schedule that includes regular cleaning of areas and equipment (for example, twice per day), with a particular focus on frequently touched surfaces is in place	Cleaning of non- healthcare settings outside the home	⊠		
Electronic entry systems and keypads are regularly sanitised particularly first thing in the morning and where possible after each use		⊠		
Bins for tissues and other rubbish are emptied daily		×		
Stocks of cleaning chemicals, liquid soap, paper towels, tissues, toilet roll, bin bags etc. regularly checked and additional supplies requested as necessary		×		
Spread of Coronavirus to Staff, Pupils and F	amilies, Visitors and C	Contracto	ors	
Close contacts will be identified via NHS Test and Trace	Education settings will no longer be expected to undertake contact tracing	⊠		
Contacts from a school setting will only be traced by NHS Test and Trace where the positive case specifically identifies the individual as being a close contact	NHS Test and Trace will work with the positive case to identify close contacts	×		
Individuals are not required to self-isolate if they live in the same household as someone with COVID-19, or are a close contact of someone with COVID-19, and any of the following apply:	Instead, they will be contacted by NHS Test and Trace, informed they have been in close	×		

 they are fully vaccinated they are below the age of 18 years and 6 months they have taken part in or are currently part of an approved COVID-19 vaccine trial they are not able to get vaccinated for medical reasons 	contact with a positive case and advised to take a PCR test. We would encourage all individuals to take a PCR test if advised to do so		
Contact with individuals who are required to self-isolate is minimised by ensuring they do not attend the school		×	
Anybody contacted by NHS Test and Trace or local health protection team and told to self-isolate because they have been a close contact of a positive case, has a legal obligation to do so		×	
Pupils, staff and other adults must not come into the school if they have symptoms, have had a positive test result or other reasons requiring them to stay at home due to the risk of them passing on COVID-19 (for example, they are required to quarantine)		×	
Settings will continue to have a role in working with health protection teams in the case of a local outbreak. If there is a substantial increase in the number of positive cases in a setting or if central government offers the area an enhanced response package, a director of public health might advise a setting to temporarily reintroduce some control measures		\boxtimes	
The Operational Guidance sets out the measures that all education settings should have in place to manage transmission of COVID-19 day to day. For most settings it will make sense to think about taking extra action if the number of positive cases substantially increases. This is because it could indicate transmission is happening in the setting	For most education and childcare settings, whichever of these thresholds is reached first: • 5 children, pupils, students or staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period; or • 10% of children, pupils, students or staff who are likely to have mixed closely test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period For special schools, residential settings, and settings that operate with 20 or fewer children, pupils, students and staff at any one time:	\boxtimes	

	 2 children, pupils, students and staff, who are likely to have mixed closely, test positive for COVID-19 within a 10-day period Hospitalisation could 		
All settings should seek public health advice if a pupil, student, child or staff member is admitted to hospital with COVID-19. They can do this by phoning the DfE helpline (0800 046 8687, option 1), or in line with other local arrangements.	indicate increased severity of illness or a new variant of concern. Settings may be offered public health support in managing risk assessments and communicating with staff and parents.	⊠	
All CEV pupils should attend their school unless they are one of the very small number of pupils under paediatric or other specialist care and have been advised by their GP or clinician not to attend	Further information is available in the guidance on Supporting pupils with medical conditions at school	⊠	⊠
CEV colleagues currently undertaking amended duties to enable them to work fully from home can now consider with their manager a return to normal duties on a risk assessment basis with specific factors to be taken into account including: Pensuring the working environment is as Covid-safe as possible, taking into account individual vaccination status and the risk of coming into contact with Covid cases as part of their role; they should not provide direct care to people who are known to have a current Covid infection, or symptoms suggestive of Covid; continuation of the current amended duties for the time being may be appropriate depending on the risk assessment arrangements to be reviewed again towards the end of September when it is anticipated the Covid risk should be reduced. Colleagues in their third trimester of pregnancy For colleagues in their third trimester of pregnancy (i.e. from 28 weeks) we have been following the same guidance as the for CEV colleagues so the approach outlined above should also be followed for these colleagues			

All employers have a duty of care to their employees, and this extends to their mental health. Make sure you have explained to all staff the measures you are putting in place. Discuss with all staff any changes in place as part of these measures. Because some staff may be particularly anxious about returning, you may need extra systems in place to support staff wellbeing	Read about the: extra mental health support for pupils and teachers, Wellbeing for Education return programme Education Support provides a free helpline for school staff and targeted support for mental health and wellbeing		
Site User Becoming Unwell			
If anyone in school develops COVID-19 symptoms, however mild, they are sent home and told they should follow public health advice	Symptoms of coronavirus (COVID-19)	×	
If a pupil is awaiting collection, they should be left in a room on their own if possible and safe to do so. A window should be opened for fresh air ventilation if possible			
If the pupil needs to go to the toilet while waiting to be collected, they should use a separate toilet if possible. The toilet should be cleaned and disinfected using standard cleaning products before being used by anyone else		×	
PPE should be worn by staff caring for the pupil while they await collection if close contact is necessary			
The room used by the pupil awaiting collection should be cleaned after they have left		\boxtimes	
Everyone displaying coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should avoid using public transport and, wherever possible, be collected by a member of their family or household			
In exceptional circumstances, if parents or carers cannot arrange to have their child collected, if age-appropriate and safe to do so the child should walk, cycle or scoot home			
In an emergency, call 999 if the pupil is seriously ill or injured or their life is at risk.	Anyone with coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms should not visit the GP, pharmacy, urgent care centre or a hospital	⊠	
Site User Developing Symptoms			

Schools must ensure that staff members and parents/carers understand that they will need to be ready and willing to book a test if they are displaying symptoms. The main symptoms are a high temperature, a new continuous cough and/or a loss or change to your sense of smell or taste. Staff and pupils must not come into the school if they have symptoms, and must be sent home to self-isolate if they develop them in school. All children can be tested if they have symptoms, including children under 5, but children aged 11 and under will need to be helped by their parents or carers if using a home testing kit	The advice service (or PHE local health protection team if escalated) will provide definitive advice on who must be sent home. A template letter will be provided to schools, on the advice of the health protection team, to send to parents and staff if needed		
All secondary school pupils should receive 2 on-site lateral flow device tests, 3 to 5 days apart, on their return in the autumn term	Settings may commence testing from 3 working days before the start of term and can stagger return of pupils across the first week to manage this		×
Secondary school pupils should then continue to test twice weekly at home until the end of September, when this will be reviewed			\boxtimes
Staff should undertake twice weekly home tests whenever they are on site until the end of September, when this will also be reviewed		\boxtimes	
Secondary schools should retain a small asymptomatic testing site (ATS) on-site until further notice so they can offer testing to pupils who are unable to test themselves at home			⊠
Primary age pupils (those in year 6 and below) do not need to test over the summer period		\boxtimes	
New year 7 pupils will be offered the 2 tests at an ATS at the beginning of the autumn term when they start at their secondary school as a new year 7.	Schools may choose to start testing year 6 pupils earlier, including in summer schools, depending on their local circumstances.		×
Staff and pupils with a positive LFD test result should self-isolate in line with the stay at home guidance for households with possible or confirmed coronavirus (COVID-19) infection. They will also need to get a free PCR test to check if they have COVID-19.		⊠	
If the PCR test is taken within 2 days of the positive lateral flow test, and is negative, it overrides the self-test LFD test and the pupil can return to school, as long as the individual doesn't have COVID-19 symptoms		×	
Whilst awaiting the confirmatory PCR result, the individual should continue to self-isolate			

Consideration given to how often pupils and staff will need to wash their hands and incorporated time for this is in timetables or lesson plans Staff working with pupils who spit		×		
uncontrollably may want more opportunities to wash their hands than other staff		⊠	Ш	
Pupils who use saliva as a sensory stimulant or who struggle with 'catch it, bin it, kill it' may also need more opportunities to wash their hands and this has been considered				
Help given to pupils with complex needs to clean their hands properly				\boxtimes
Risk assessments for pupils with complex needs that may struggle to maintain as good respiratory hygiene as their peers, for example those who spit uncontrollably or use saliva as a sensory stimulant, have been updated in				⊠
order to support these pupils and the staff working with them				
order to support these pupils and the staff working with them Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for				
order to support these pupils and the staff working with them		× ×		
order to support these pupils and the staff working with them Hands are washed with liquid soap & water for a minimum of 20 seconds The school has considered whether they have enough hand washing or hand sanitiser 'stations' available so that all pupils and staff	Skin friendly cleaning wipes can be used as an alternative			

	_		
The 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach is very important and is promoted	Germs spread easily. Always carry tissues and use them to catch your cough or sneeze. BIN IT Germs can live for several hours on tissues. Dispose of your tissue as soon as possible. KILL IT Hands can transfer germs to every surface you touch. Clean your hands as soon as you can.		
Disposable tissues are available in each room for both staff and pupil use			
Bins (ideally lidded pedal bins) for tissues are available in each room		\boxtimes	
School has embedded the 'catch it, bin it, kill it' approach to ensure younger pupils and those with complex needs get this right, and that all pupils understand that this is now part of how the school operates	The e-bug website contains free resources for schools, including materials to encourage good hand and respiratory hygiene	×	
Inadequate Personal Protection & PPE			
Face coverings are worn in enclosed and crowded spaces where you may come into contact with people you don't normally meet			×
In case of an outbreak in school, a director of public health might advise that face coverings should temporarily be worn in communal areas or classrooms (by pupils, staff and visitors, unless exempt)	This is covered in the Outbreak Management Plan	⊠	
In the above circumstances, transparent face coverings, which may assist communication with someone who relies on lip reading, clear sound or facial expression to communicate, can also be worn			×
Face coverings (whether transparent or cloth) should fit securely around the face to cover the nose and mouth and be made with a breathable material capable of filtering airborne particles		×	
Face visors or shields can be worn by those exempt from wearing a face covering but they are not an equivalent alternative in terms of source control of virus transmission	Visors may protect against droplet spread in specific circumstances but are unlikely to be effective in preventing aerosol transmission, and therefore in a school environment are unlikely to offer appropriate protection to the		\boxtimes

Inadequate Ventilation			
As normal, school engages with their local immunisation providers to provide immunisation programmes on site, ensuring these are delivered in keeping with the school's control measures	These programmes are essential for children's health and wellbeing		
Contractors to provide updated risk assessment prior to visit which includes their own controls round infection spread prevention			
School ensures site guidance on is explained to visitors and contractors on or before arrival		×	
Key contractors are made aware of the school's control measures and ways of working		×	
Visitors, Contractors & Spread of Coronavir	us		
When working with children and young people who cough, spit or vomit but do not have coronavirus (COVID-19) symptoms, only any PPE that would be routinely worn, is worn		⊠	
PPE for coronavirus (COVID-19) is required when performing aerosol generating procedures (AGPs)			
Where a face covering becomes damp, it should not be worn and the face covering should be replaced carefully			
Safe wearing of face coverings requires cleaning of hands before and after touching – including to remove or put them on – and the safe storage of them in individual, sealable plastic bags between use		×	
Clear instructions are provided to staff on how to put on, remove, store and dispose of face coverings, to avoid inadvertently increasing the risks of transmission			
Those who rely on visual signals for communication, or communicate with or provide support to such individuals, are exempt from any requirement to wear face coverings in schools or in public places			⊠
	wearer. Visors should only be used by those exempt from wearing a face covering after carrying out a risk assessment for the specific situation and should always be cleaned appropriately		

Occupied spaces must always be well ventilated and a comfortable teaching environment maintained	This can be achieved by a variety of measures including: mechanical ventilation systems – these should be adjusted to increase the ventilation rate wherever possible, and checked to confirm that normal operation meets current guidance (if possible, systems should be adjusted to full fresh air or, if not, then systems should be operated as normal as long as they are within a single room and supplemented by an outdoor air supply)		
Ventilate spaces with outdoor air	Natural ventilation – if necessary external opening doors may also be used provided this doesn't compromise safeguarding measures	×	×
Where possible, occupied room windows should be open		\boxtimes	
Switch air handling units with recirculation to 100% outdoor air where this is not possible, systems are operated as normal	Further advice on this can be found in Health and Safety Executive guidance on air conditioning and ventilation during the coronavirus outbreak and CIBSE coronavirus (COVID-19) advice.		\boxtimes
Prop doors open, where safe to do so (bearing in mind fire safety and safeguarding), to limit use of door handles and assist with creating a throughput of air	Fire doors must not be propped open unless they have a self-closing hold open device fitted	×	
In cold weather where the school heating system is activated, windows are open to provide trickle ventilation rather than being fully open	natural ventilation – opening windows (in cooler weather windows should be opened just enough to provide constant	×	

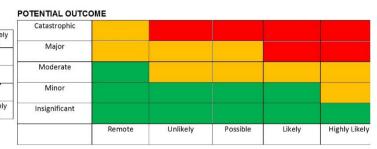
	background ventilation, and opened more fully during breaks to purge the air in the space)		
Consideration given to opening high level windows in preference to low level to reduce draughts		×	
Consideration given to only opening every other window instead of all windows when the heating is activated		×	
If school needs to use additional heaters they only use sealed, oil filled electric heaters	Electric fan heaters used sparingly due to increased fire and electrical risk		
Arrangements for Boarding Schools During	Pandemic		
Where pupils travel from abroad to attend a boarding school you will need to explain the rules to pupils and their parents before they travel to the UK			
All pupils travelling to England must adhere to travel legislation, details of which are set out in government travel advice	Additional guidance has been issued on the guarantine arrangements for boarding school pupils travelling from red-list countries to attend a boarding school in England		
Pupils travelling from amber list countries may quarantine at home or at accommodation provided by their school for 10 days	The rules for pupils travelling from amber and green list countries are different and are explained in the rules for entering quidance		
If a child in a boarding school shows symptoms, they should initially self-isolate in their residential setting household. Most children will benefit from self-isolating in their boarding house so that their usual support can continue. Others will benefit more from self-isolating in their family home	Guidance on isolation for residential educational settings.		
Boarding pupils should not use public transport if they are symptomatic	If arranging their return to their family home to isolate, schools should follow advice on transport arrangements in the safe working in		

Assessor(s): Position(s):	C Zanelli Head	Signature	Signature(s): C Za		elli			
If no, has this be	een escalated to senior leader	ship team?			Yes		1	No 🗆
Is activity still acceptable with this level of risk?				Yes	\boxtimes	1	No □	
Is such a risk level deemed to be as low as reasonably practical?					Yes		ı	No 🗆
State overall risk level assigned to the task AFTER implementation of control and action plan measures taken as a result of this risk assessment					High	Me		Low
	reasonably practicable		N	ame	В		Date	
	.AN (insert additional rows if requol measures to reduce risks so fa	•	A 1		To be actioned by			
Have you identified any further control measures needed to control the risk and recorded them in the action plan				Yes ⊠ No □			No 🗆	
Is the risk adequately controlled with existing control measures				Yes ⊠ No			No 🗆	
What is the level of risk for this activity/situation with existing control measures			trol	High ⊠	Me	ed]	Low	
Have you consulted with the people/representatives undertaking the activity as part of the preparation of this risk assessment				Yes	\boxtimes	ı	No 🗆	
- Colling trial Follo	9	and stu	dents					
for those pupils	safe staff ratios, particularly or students whose needs are safer remaining in the urning home	prioritis towards vulnera	Settings should prioritise staffing towards the most vulnerable pupils]	
		safely a -do not alternat accomn	t home have sui ive nodation	table				
	ny localised outbreaks, we keep the residential provision ssible	case ba They w remain those w -have p needs t	made on a case-by- case basis. They will need to remain open to those who: -have particular needs that cannot be accommodated]	
		and chi care se guidand		<u>ocial</u>				

Distribution:

Risk rating	Action	
HIGH	Urgently review/add controls & monitor, notify H&S Team (if Likely or Highly Likely – stop work, seek competent advice)	
MEDIUM	Review/add controls (as far as reasonably practicable) & monitor	
LOW	Monitor control measures	

OTENTIAL OUTCOME		LIKELIHOOD	
Catastrophic	Fatal injury/permanent disability	Highly likely	More likely
Major	RIDDOR reportable Specified Injury/ Disease/Dangerous Occurrence	Likely	
Moderate	RIDDOR reportable over 7 day injury	Possible	
Minor	Minor injury (requiring first aid)	Unlikely	
Insignificant	Minor injury	Remote	Less likely to occur



LIKELIHOOD